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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/708,741	03/23/2004	Hermann Kern	P7471US	2740
30008 75	590 05/17/2006		EXAMINER	
GUDRUN E. HUCKETT DRAUDT			PICKARD, ALISON K	
LONSSTR. 53 WUPPERTAL,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
GERMANY			3673	
			DATE MAILED: 05/17/2006	<u>.</u>
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/708,741	KERN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Alison K. Pickard	3673	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence addi	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO te, cause the application to become A	ICATION.  The reply be timely filed  ONTHS from the mailing date of this companies that the companies of the	·
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
<u> </u>	—· s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa		tters prosecution as to the r	nerits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	•	·	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7,9-23 and 25</u> is/are pending in the	e application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2-7 and 10-19</u> is/are	• •	ation.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		· ·	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,9,20-23 and 25</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers	·	•	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	<u>or</u>		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc		by the Evaminer	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	·	•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct		• •	1 101(d)
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		-	• •
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 H C C	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	in priority arract 55 5.5.5.	3 113(a)-(d) 01 (1).	•
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received		
2. Certified copies of the priority documen			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price.		<del></del>	taga
application from the International Burea		rreceived in this National 5	lage
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		t raceived *	
See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies no	received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) T Interview	Summary (PTO-413)	·
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date	
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	5)  Notice of 6)  Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-1	152)

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Objections

1. Applicant is advised that should claim20 be found allowable, claim22 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k). it appears claims 20 and 22 are claiming the same thing.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1, 9, 20-23, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hacker (6,860,486) in view of Johnston (6,428,013).

Hacker discloses a sealing ring having a support member 2 and sealing lip 1. The lip has a passage for the shaft. The lip has a contact side provided with an alternating twist structure to return medium to a sealed region. The twist structure 55-57 has a sine structure and is spaced from sealing edge 6 (see Figs. 2 and 3). The sealing disk can be PTFE or elastomer. And the sine structure is formed by grooves and projections (e.g. 7 and 9). Hacker does not disclose the passage of the lip is directed to an air side of shaft. Johnston teaches a sealing ring having a support, lip, and fluid return structure. Johnston teaches installing the sealing ring such that the

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opening of the lip is directed to an air side rather than the oil-side to make installation easier (see col. 1: 16-29). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make installation of the sealing ring easier by making the lip extend toward the air side rather than the oil side as taught by Johnston.

### Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 3-1-06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Johnston does not disclose the twist/sine structure. However, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, both Johnston and Hacker disclose sealing rings with a lip having a fluid return configuration. Johnston teaches installing the lip directed to the air side to make installation easier. It is this teaching that is being applied to Hacker. Hacker already discloses all the other features required by the claims. Dahlhaus

provides additional evidence that a fluid return device can be oriented toward the air side (i.e. the lip is directed toward the air side). The section of Hacker cited by Applicant (col. 1, lines 26-47) relates to the use of springs and does not appear to relate to what Johnston is teaching.

### Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alison K. Pickard whose telephone number is 571-272-7062. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (10-7:30), with alternate Friday's off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tricia Engle can be reached on 571-272-6660. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alison K. Pickard Primary Examiner Art Unit 3673

AP